

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA
ATLANTA DIVISION**

Shelida Belcher,

Case No.:

Plaintiff,

v.

Charter Communications (DE), Inc.,

**COMPLAINT
WITH JURY TRIAL DEMAND**

Defendant.

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

This action for damages is based on Defendant's frequent and unauthorized calls to Plaintiff's cellular telephone to collect a purported consumer debt. Plaintiff seeks monetary relief based on Defendant's violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act ("TCPA"), 47 U.S.C. § 227, and the Georgia Fair Business Practices Act ("GFBPA"), O.C.G.A. § 10-1-393, *et seq.*

PARTIES

1. Plaintiff, Shelida Belcher, is a natural person who resides in Newton County, Georgia.

2. Defendant, Charter Communications (DE), Inc., is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Delaware, headquartered in Missouri, and doing business in Georgia.
3. At all relevant times hereto, Defendant acted through its agents, employees, officers, members, directors, and/or representatives.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

4. This Court has federal question jurisdiction over Plaintiff's TCPA claim pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331 and 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3). *See Mims v. Arrow Fin. Serv., LLC*, 132 S. Ct. 740, 753 (2012) (holding federal district courts have federal question jurisdiction over TCPA claims). This Court has supplemental jurisdiction over Plaintiff's state law claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367.
5. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because Defendant frequently and routinely conducts business in the State of Georgia, including the conduct complained of herein.
6. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391, venue is proper in the Northern District of Georgia because a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claims occurred in this district. Pursuant to LR 3.1B(3), NDGa, venue is

proper in the Atlanta Division because the conduct complained of herein occurred in Newton County, which is in the Atlanta Division.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

7. Plaintiff is the subscriber for the cellular telephone with the number 404-***-2452 (the "Cell Phone").
8. No later than August, 2015, Plaintiff began receiving calls on her Cell Phone from Defendant in an attempt to sell their products to a third party unknown to the Plaintiff.
9. Defendant's calls to Plaintiff were made from phone numbers 877-384-9039 and 888-901-0293.
10. The phone numbers enumerated in paragraph 9 are numbers that belong to, are utilized by, or are under the control of Defendant.
11. From August, 2015 through May, 2015, Plaintiff received several similar calls from Defendant.
12. When she answered calls from Defendant, Plaintiff heard pauses and/or clicks and a delay at the beginning of the calls.
13. Upon information and belief, Defendant used an autodialer and or predictive dialing equipment to make its calls to Plaintiff.
14. Plaintiff never provided consent for Defendant to call her on her Cell Phone.

15. On numerous occasions, Plaintiff advised Defendant that they were calling the wrong number and told them that they did not have permission to contact her.
16. Plaintiff did not provide consent for Defendant to contact her.
17. Defendant's calls to Plaintiff had no emergency purpose.
18. Rather, Defendant advised Plaintiff that its calls were for the purpose of the sale of goods or services.
19. Defendant used multiple outgoing phone numbers to contact Plaintiff, making it impossible for Plaintiff to block and/or avoid the calls. Moreover, Plaintiff was unable to avoid or escape Defendant's repetitive calls. Even attempts to "block" the calls still resulted in brief "rings" and other alerts to Plaintiff's Cell Phone.
20. Once Defendant knew that Plaintiff did not wish to be called, there was no purpose for placing additional calls to her Cell Phone other than to annoy, abuse, or otherwise harass Plaintiff.
21. Plaintiff carries her cell phone at most times to be accessible to her family, friends, and work-place. Calls from Defendant have interrupted and interfered with Plaintiff's daily life, including activities of daily living, interactions with family and friends, and work activity.

22. Defendant's campaign of harassing phone calls has caused Plaintiff actual damages, including, but not limited to, the consumption of "minutes" as contemplated in her cellular service plan that has the end result of Plaintiff paying for the calls initiated by Defendant (the "Cell Charges"), depletion of her cell battery life, emotional distress—including frustration and aggravation—in managing the persistent calls, and expenses associated with seeking to enforce Defendant's compliance with the law.

TRIAL BY JURY

23. Plaintiff is entitled to and hereby requests a trial by jury.

CAUSES OF ACTION

COUNT I

**VIOLATIONS OF THE TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT
47 U.S.C. § 227**

24. Plaintiff incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 22 as though fully stated herein.
25. Defendant violated 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(A)(iii) by making repeated phone calls to Plaintiff's Cell Phone, without permission or emergency purpose, and using an autodialer and/or predictive dialing equipment.

26. As a result of Defendant's violations of 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(A)(iii), Plaintiff is entitled to recover a minimum of \$500.00 for each call in violation of the TCPA pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(B).
27. Defendant knew that it did not have Plaintiff's consent to receive its calls at all. Its repeated calls were, therefore, knowing and/or willful violations of the TCPA.
28. Accordingly, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(C), Defendant's knowing and/or willful violations of the TCPA entitles Plaintiff to triple the amount of damages to which Plaintiff is otherwise entitled under 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(B).

COUNT II

VIOLATIONS OF THE GEORGIA FAIR BUSINESS PRACTICES ACT O.C.G.A. § 10-1-393(a)

29. Plaintiff incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 22 as though fully stated herein.
30. O.C.G.A. § 10-1-393(a) broadly prohibits unfair business practices.
31. It was unfair for Defendant to call Plaintiff's Cell Phone repeatedly when it had actual knowledge that Plaintiff was not the consumer it sought and that it was contacting the wrong telephone number in seeking to sell its products.

32. It was unfair for Defendant to continue to contact Plaintiff after she requested that Defendant stop contacting her.
33. Defendant's actions have interfered with Plaintiff's daily life in a manner that she did not invite, disclaimed, and could not reasonably escape.
34. As pled above, Plaintiff was harmed by Defendant's unfair conduct.
35. Upon information and belief, Defendant regularly uses repeated, unauthorized calls to consumers in its solicitation efforts.
36. Upon information and belief, repeated and unauthorized calls to consumers are Defendant's modus operandi for solicitation and is done on a wide scale.
37. Defendant's conduct amounts to an unfair business practice.
38. Defendant's conduct has implications for the consuming public in general and potential negative impact on the consumer marketplace.
39. Plaintiff sent a written demand for relief to Defendant more than 30 days prior to filing this action, in accordance with O.G.C.A. § 10-1-399 (b), and Defendant did not respond.
40. As a result of Defendant's violations of O.C.G.A. § 10-1-393(a), Plaintiff is entitled to recover general damages pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 10-1-399(a).

41. As a result of Defendant's willful and wanton violations of O.C.G.A. § 10-1-393(a), Plaintiff is entitled to recover exemplary damages pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 10-1-399(a).
42. Defendant's actions were intentional, rendering it liable for treble damages pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 10-1-399(c).
43. Plaintiff is entitled to recover reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 10-1-399(d).
44. Furthermore, because Defendant has acted in bad faith, been stubbornly litigious, and/or caused Plaintiff unnecessary trouble and expense, Plaintiff is also entitled to an award of reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 13-6-11.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays that judgment be entered against Defendant for:

- a.) Damages of at least \$500.00 per phone call and treble damages pursuant to 47 U.S.C. §§ 227(b)(3)(B) & (C);
- b.) Actual damages;
- c.) General, exemplary, and treble damages pursuant to O.C.G.A. §§ 10-1-399(a) & (c);
- d.) Reasonable attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1692k and O.C.G.A. §§ 10-1-399(d) and/or 13-6-11; and

e.) Such other and further relief as may be just and proper.

Respectfully submitted, this 21st day of June, 2016.

/s/ Matthew T. Berry
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